HAJEE KARUTHA ROWTHER HOWDIA COLLEGE

(An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to Madurai Kamaraj University, Madurai.)
Re-Accredited with A++ Grade by NAAC (3rd Cycle) **Uthamapalayam -625533.**



DEPARTMENT OF MICROBIOLOGY

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE – MICROBIOLOGY SYLLABUS (I Year)

Choice Based Credit System – CBCS

(As per TANSCHE/MKU Guidelines)

With

Outcome Based Education (OBE)

(with effect from Academic year 2023 -2024 onwards)

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College Vision and Mission

Vision

Our vision is to provide the best type of higher education to all, especially to students hailing from minority Muslim community, rural agricultural families and other deprived, under privileged sections of the society, inculcating the sense of social responsibility in them. Our college is committed to produce talented, dulybound citizens to take up the challenges of the changing times.

Mission

Our mission is to impart and inculcate social values, spirit of service and religious tolerance as envisioned by our beloved Founder President Hajee Karutha Rowther.

The Vision beckons.....the Mission continuous forever.

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Department Vision and Mission

Vision

The Department of Microbiology envisions inculcating in students right skills oriented towards self-development and as a center for academic, research and extension activities, who can realize the need for the value of dignity of labor and the attitude and proper community orientation and civic responsibilities in their outlook.

Mission

- Create a centre of Academic Excellence in the field of education and research in Microbiology.
- Provide a sound academic background for overall development of personality for a successful career in Microbiology.
- Provide an environment that fosters continuous improvement and innovation in the subject.

SYLLABUS FOR B.Sc. MICROBIOLOGY

CBCS SEMESTER PATTERN

(with effect from the academic year 2023-2024 onwards)

1. Introduction of the programme

This three-year Bachelor of Science course in Microbiology deals with the study of microorganisms comprising Bacteria, Fungi, Protozoans, Algae and Virus; and its association with the environment, plants, animals and humans. Candidates undertaking this curriculum will understand the basic and applied concepts of Microbiology. This includes the beneficial and harmful role of microorganism in the production of commercially important products and its role in various diseases respectively. Basic concepts of Immunology of the host and its interaction with infectious microorganisms are also included in the syllabus. The scope of this course is wide which enables the candidate to get placed in diagnostics, pharma, fermentation, dairy, food and medical arena.

2. Objectives of the Programme

- ➤ To inculcate the basic and advanced concepts of Microbiology including taxonomy, physiology, Immunology, biomolecule interactions, genomics, proteomics and rDNA technology.
- > To impart the scope for the application of concepts learned in the subject.
- ➤ To introduce about the recent advances in the field of Microbiology and its importance in research.

3. Outcome of the programme:

At the end of this three year course, a candidate will have a thorough understanding on the basic concepts of Microbiology and its applications in the various fields of science and technology. Through the knowledge and hands-on experience imparted during the practical subjects, the candidate will get conveniently placed in the diagnostics, production and R&D units of various hospitals and industries respectively. This course will also lay a strong foundation to build the individual research caliber in the aspirants of Bachelor of Science in Microbiology.

4.Unitization: Content of every paper divided in to FIVE units.

Programme	B.Sc. MICROBIOLOGY
Programm	
e code:	
Duration:	3years[UG]
Programme	PO1: Disciplinary Knowledge:
Outcomes	Acquire detailed knowledge and expertise in all the disciplines of the subject
	PO2: Communication skills:
	Able to communicate scientific information, concepts, experiments and
	significance.
	PO3: Ethical value:
	Apply knowledge on ethical and legal based issues
	PO4: Analytical reasoning:
	Familiarize to collect, analyze and interpret scientific data
	PO5: Contribution to society:

	Solve public issues concerned with public health and safety for the welfare of the society P06: Scientific reasoning
	Solve problems understanding the issues, and find solutions, in day-to-day life PO7: Employability skill
	Equip with skills, based on current trends and future expectations for career development
	and placements.
	PO8: Entrepreneurial skill
	Equip with skills and competency to become a successful entrepreneur PO9: Research related skill
	Proficients kills and competence to make a prospective career in Research & Developmen
	t.
	PO10: Lifelonglearning
	Identify the need for skills necessary to be successful in future PO11: Instrumentation skill
Programme	Handle laboratory experiments following safety precautions and standards PSO-1: Placement
Specific Outcome	Prepare the students in all disciplines like agriculture, industry - medical, pharma, dairy, hotel, food and food processing, immunological, cosmetics, vermin technology and water treatment for effective and respectful placement.
	PSO-2: Entrepreneur
	To create effective entrepreneur by enhancing their critical thinking, problem
	solving, decision making and leadership skill that will facilitate startups and high potential organizations.
	PSO-3: Research and Development
	Design and implement HR systems that comply with good laboratory practices,
	following ethical values, leading the organization towards growth and development.
	PSO-4: Contribution to society
	To contribute to the development of society and produce microbiological products,
	by collaborating with stakeholders, related to the betterment of environment and
	mankind at the national and global
	level.

PO/PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
P01	✓					
PO2		✓				
PO3			✓			
PO4				✓		
PO5					✓	
P06						✓

Highlights of the Revamped Curriculum:

> Student-centric, meeting the demands of industry & society, incorporating industrial components, hands-on training, skill enhancement modules, industrial project, project with viva-voce, exposure to entrepreneurial skills, training for competitive examinations, sustaining the quality of the core components and incorporating application oriented content wherever required.

- ➤ The Core subjects include latest developments in the education and scientific front, advanced programming packages allied with the discipline topics, practical training, devising statistical models and algorithms for providing solutions to industry / real life situations. The curriculum also facilitates peer learning with advanced statistical topics in the final semester, catering to the needs of stakeholders with research aptitude.
- ➤ The General Studies and Statistics based problem solving skills are included as mandatory components in the 'Training for Competitive Examinations' course at the final semester, a first of its kind.
- ➤ The curriculum is designed so as to strengthen the Industry-Academia interface and provide more job opportunities for the students.
- ➤ The Statistical Quality Control course is included to expose the students to real life problems and train the students on designing a mathematical model to provide solutions to the industrial problems.
- ➤ The Internship during the second year vacation will help the students gain valuable work experience, that connects classroom knowledge to real world experience and to narrow down and focus on the career path.
- Project with viva-voce component in the fifth semester enables the student, application of conceptual knowledge to practical situations. The state of art technologies in conducting a Explain in a scientific and systematic way and arriving at a precise solution is ensured. Such innovative provisions of the industrial training, project and internships will give students an edge over the counterparts in the job market.

State-of Art techniques from the streams of multi-disciplinary, cross disciplinary and inter disciplinary nature are incorporated as Elective courses, covering conventional topics to the latest DBMS and Computer software for Analytics.

Value additions in the Revamped Curriculum:

Semester	Newly introduced Components	Outcome/ Benefits
I	Foundation Course To ease the transition of learning from higher secondary to higher education, providing an overview of the pedagogy of learning Literature and analysing the world through the literary lens gives rise to a new perspective	,
I,II,III,IV	Skill Enhancement papers (Discipline centric /Generic/Entrepreneurial)	 Industry ready graduates Skill edhumanre source Students are equipped with essential skills to Make the employable

			 Training on language and enable the students gain Exposure in the competit 	knowledge and		
			Discipline centric skill Technical knowhow of so problems.			
III,IV,V& E	Elective par	pers	 Strengthening the domain Introducing the stake hol Art techniques from the state disciplinary, cross disciplinary nature Emerging topics in higher industry/communication sector etc. are introduced hands-on-training. 	ders to the State-of streams of multi-inary and inter r education/network/health		
IV	Elective Pa	pers	 Exposure to industry moulds students in to solution providers Generates Industry ready graduates Employment opportunities enhanced 			
v	Elective pa	pers	 Self-learning is enhanced Application of the concept to real situation is conceived resulting Intangible outcome 			
VI	Elective pa	ipers	 Enriches the study beyond the course. Developing a research frame work and Presenting their independentand intellectual ideas effectively. 			
Extra Credit For Advance		rs/Honors degree	To cater to the needs of peer learners/research aspirants			
Skills acqui	red from t	he Courses	Knowledge, Problem Solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferrable Skill			
		Methods of 1	Evaluation			
		Continuous Internal Ass	essment Test			
Internal Ex	aluation	Assignments		25 Marks		
Internal Evaluation		Seminars	articination			
External Evaluation		Attendance and Class Pa				
End Semester Ex		End Semester Examinati	ion	75 Marks		
		Total		100 Marks		
Decall4	(V1)	Methods of A		anc.		
			, Recall steps, Concept definitions			
	<pre>Understand/C</pre>					
Application (K3) Suggest idea/concept w Observe, Explain			ith examples, suggest for mulae			
Analyze	e(K4)		ns,Finishaprocedureinmanyste	eps,Differentiate		
		Between various ideas, N	Map knowledge			

Evaluate(K5)	Longer essay/Evaluation essay, Critique or justify with pros and cons
Create(K6)	Check knowledge in specific or off beat situations, Discussion, Debating or Presentations

Programme Scheme Eligibility

A Pass in +2 examination conducted by Board of Higher Secondary Education, Government of Tamilnadu or equivalent with Microbiology/ Biology / Botany and Zoology as one of the subjects.

For Programme Completion

A Candidate shall complete:

- Part I Language papers Tamil/Arabic in semesters I, II, III and IV respectively
- Part II Language papers English in semesters I, II, III, IV respectively
- Part III Core papers in semesters I, II, III, IV, V and VI respectively
- Part III Elective papers (Discipline / Generic) in semesters I, II, III, IV, V and VI respectively
- Part IV Skill Enhancement Course (NME) papers in semesters I and II respectively
- Part IV Skill Enhancement Course papers in semesters I, II, III, and IV respectively
- Part IV Skill Enhancement Course (Foundation Course) paper in semester I respectively
- Part IV Skill Enhancement Course (Professional Competency Skill) in semester VI respectively
- Part IV Value Education paper in semester V respectively
- Part IV Environmental Studies paper in semesters III and IV respectively
- Part IV Summer Internship/Industrial Training paper in semester V respectively
- Part V Extension activity in semester VI respectively

Scheme of Examinations under Choice Based Credit System

Term End Examinations (TEE) - 75 Marks
Continuous Internal Assessment Examinations (CIAE) - 25 Marks

Total - 100 Marks

Pattern of Continuous Internal Assessment Examinations (CIAE)

Average of Two Internal Tests (each 20 marks) - 20 Marks

Assignment - 05 Marks

Total - 25 Marks

Pattern of Term End Examinations (Max. Marks: 75 / Time: 3 Hours)
External Examinations Question Paper Pattern for Part I & III and Part IV
(Elective & Skill Enhancement Course Subject)

Section – A (10 X 1 = 10 Marks) Answer ALL questions.

• Questions 1 - 10

- Two questions from each UNIT
- Multiple choice questions and each question carries Four choices

Section – B (5 X 7 = 35 Marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either A or B.

- Questions 11 15
- Two questions from each UNIT (either.... or.... type)
- Descriptive Type

Section – $C(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

Answer any THREE out of five questions.

- Questions 16 20
- One question from each UNIT
- Descriptive Type

External Examinations Question Paper Pattern for Environmental Studies and Value Education

Section – A: $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

Answer ALL questions choosing either A or B.

- Ouestions 1 5
- Two questions from each UNIT (either.... or.... type)
- Descriptive Type

Section – B $(3 \times 15 = 45 \text{ Marks})$

Answer any THREE out of five questions.

- Questions 6 10
- One question from each UNIT
- Descriptive Type

Part V (Extension Activities)

• Internal Evaluation

Passing Marks

Minimum 27 for External Exam Eligibility for the degree - passing minimum is 40%

Practical Examination

Internal – 40 marks

External - 60 marks

Total - 100 marks

Passing minimum is 40%

Semester-I

Course Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hrs	CIAE	ТЕЕ	Max Marks	Credits
	23UTALL11	பொதுத்தமிழ் - 1 தமிழ் இலக்கிய வரலாறு - 1	6	25	75	100	3
Part I	23UARLL11	Paper I : Prose	6	25	75	100	3
	23UMMLL11	Prose, Composition and Translation	6	25	75	100	3
Part II	23UENLL11	General English - I	6	25	75	100	3
	23UMBCC11	Fundamentals of Microbiology and Microbial Diversity	4	25	75	100	4
Part – III	23UMBCC1P	Fundamentals of Microbiology and Microbial diversity Practical	4	40	60	100	4
	23UCHGE11	Chemistry For Biological Sciences - I	4	25	75	100	3
	23UCHGE1P	Chemistry Practical For Physical And Biological Sciences - I	2	40	60	100	2
Part IV	23UMBSE11	SEC-1(NME) Social and Preventive medicine	2	25	75	100	2
	23UMBFN11	Introduction to Microbial world	2	25	75	100	2
Total			30				23

Semester-II

Course Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hrs	CIAE	TEE	Max Marks	Credits
Part-I	23UTALL21	பொதுத்தமிழ் - 2 தமிழ் இலக்கிய வரலாறு - 2	6	25	75	100	3
rait-i	23UARLL21	Paper II : Grammar	6	25	75	100	3
	23UMMLL21	Office Communication Malayalam	6	25	75	100	3
Part-II	23UENLL21	General English- II	6	25	75	100	3
Part-III	23UMBCC21	Microbial Physiology and Metabolism	5	25	75	100	5
	23UMBCC2P	Microbial Physiology and Metabolism Practical	3	40	60	100	3
	23UCHGE21	Chemistry For Biological Sciences -II	4	25	75	100	3
	23UCHGE2P	Chemistry Practical For Physical and Biological Sciences - II	2	40	60	100	2
	23UMBSE21	Nutrition & Health Hygiene	2	25	75	100	2
Part-IV	23UMBSE22	SEC-3 Sericulture	2	25	75	100	2
			30				23

				ľS		Mark	S
Course Code	Course Title	Category	Credits	Inst. Hour	CIAE	External	Total
23UMBCC11	FUNDAMENTALS OF MICROBIOLOGY AND MICROBIAL DIVERSITY	Core	4	4	25	75	100

	Learning Objectives					
L1	Learn the fundamental principles about different a spects of Microbiology including					
L2	Describe the structural organization, morphology and reproduction	n of micro	bes.			
L3	Explain the methods of cultivation of micro be and measurement of	f growth.				
L4	Understand the microscopy and other basic laboratory techniques-disinfection and sterilization in Microbiology.	-culturing	,			
L5	Compare and contrast the different methods of sterilization.					
UNIT	Contents		No. of Hours			
I	History and Evolution of Microbiology, Classification – Three kingdom, six kingdom and eight kingdom. Microbial biodi Introduction to microbial biodiversity-ecological niche. Basic conc Eubacteria, Archaebacteria and Eucarya. Conservation of Biodivers	versity: cepts of	12			
II	General characteristics of cellular microorganisms (Bacteria, Algae, Fungi and Protozoa) and acellular microorganisms- (Viruses, Viroids, Prions), Differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic microorganisms. Structure of Bacterial cell wall, cell membrane, capsule, flagella, pili, mesosomes, chlorosomes, phycobilisomes, spores, and gas vesicles. Structure of fungi (Mold and Yeast),Structure of microalgae.					
III	Bacterial culture media and pure culture techniques. Mode of cell division Quantitative measurement of growth. Anaerobic culture	1,	12			
IV	Microscopy – Simple, bright field, dark field, phase contrast, fluorescent, electron microscope – TEM&SEM, Confocal microscopy Atomic Force Microscopy. Stains and staining methods.	, and	12			
v	Sterilization – moist heat- autoclaving, dry heat – Hot air oven, radia UV, Ionization, filtration – membrane filter and disinfection ,antisept Antimicrobial agents		12			
	Total		60			
	Course Outcomes	Knowle	edge Level			
CO	On completion of this course, students will					
1	Study the historical events that led to the discoveries and inventions and understand the Classification of Microorganisms.	l events that led to the discoveries and				
2	Gain Knowledge of detailed structure and functions of Prokaryotic cell organelles. K1,K2,K3,K4,K5,F					
3	Understand the various microbiological techniques, different types of media, and techniques involved in culturing microorganisms. K1,K2,K3,K4,K5					
4	Explain the principles and working mechanism of different	K1,K2,K	3,K4,K5,K6			

	microscopes/Microscope, their function and scope of				
	application.				
5	Understand the concept to fasepsis and modes of sterilization and	K1,K2,K3,K4,K5			
J	disinfectants.	K1,K2,K3,K4,K3			
	Textbooks				
1	Pelczar.M.J.,ChanE.C.S.andNoel.R.K.(2007).Microbiology.7thEdition.,I	McGraw-			
	Hill,NewYork.				
2	WilleyJ., SherwoodL.,andWoolvertonC.J.,(2017).Prescott'sMicrobiolo	ogy.10 th			
	Edition.,McGraw-HillInternationaledition.				
3	Tortora, G.J., Funke, B.R., Case, C.L. (2013). Microbiology. An Introduction	n11 th Edition.,			
	A LaCartePearson.				
4	Salle.A.J(1992).FundamentalPrinciplesofBacteriology.7thEdition.,Mc	GrawHill			
	Inc.New York.				
5	Boyd, R.F. (1998). General Microbiology, 2 nd Edition., Times	Mirror, Mosby			
	CollegePublishing,StLouis.				
	Reference Books				
1.	JeffreyC.Pommerville.,Alcamo's Fundamentals of Microbiology (9thE	dition).Jones			
	& Bartlett learning 2010.				
2.	Stanier R.Y, Ingraham J.L., Wheelis M.L., and Painter R.R. (2010). Gene	ral			
	Microbiology, 5thEdition.,MacMillanPressLtd				
3.	Tortora, G.J., Funke, B.R. and, Case, C.L (2013). Microbiology-An Introduc	tion,			
	11 th Edition.,BenjaminCummings. Nester E., Anderson D., Roberts C.E., and Nester M.(2006).Microbiology.	оду А Цитар			
4.	Perspective, 5 th Edition., McGrawHillPublications.	ogy-A Hullian			
	Madigan M.T.,Martinko J.M., Stahl D.A, and Clark D.P.(2010).Brock-B	iology of			
5.	Microorganisms,13thEdition Benjamin – Cummings PubCo.	lology of			
	Web Resources				
	https://www.cliffsnotes.com/study-guides/biology/microbiology/i	ntroduction-to-			
1. microbiology/a-brief-history-of-microbiology					
2.	https://www.keyence.com/ss/products/microscope/bz-x/study/principle/structure.jsp				
3.	https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6604941/#				
4.	https://bio.libretexts.org/@go/page/9188				
	https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-microbiology/chapt	er/microbial-			
5.	nutrition/	er, microbiai			
	nuunuun/				

	Methods of Assessment					
Recall(K1)	Recall(K1) Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions					
Understand						
/Comprehe	MCQ, True/False, Short essays, Concept explanations, Short summary or overview					
nd (K2)						
Application Suggest idea/concept with examples, Suggest formulae, Solve problems,						
(K3)	Explain					
Analyze(K4)	Problem-solving questions, Finisha procedure in many steps, Differentiate between Various ideas, Map knowledge					
Evaluate (K5)	Longer essay/Evaluation essay, Critique or justify with pros and cons					
Create(K6)	Checkknowledgeinspecificoroffbeatsituations,Discussion,Debatingor Presentations					

CO /PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	2	2	2	2	3	3
CO 2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO 3	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO 4	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO 5	2	2	2	3	2	2

Strong-3 Medium-2

Low-1

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	2	1	2	1
CO2	1	2	1	2	2
CO3	1	2	1	2	3
CO4	1	2	1	2	3
CO5	1	2	1	2	3

Strong-3 Medium-2

				ĽS	Marks		
Course Code	Course Title	Category	Credits	Inst. Hour	CIAE	External	Total
23UMBCC1P	FUNDAMENTALS OF MICROBIOLOGY AND MICROBIAL DIVERSITY PRACTICAL	Core	4	4	40	60	100

	Loaming Objectives					
L1	Learning Objectives Acquire knowledge on Cleaning of glassware, GLP and sterilizat	ion				
L2						
L3		103.				
L3						
L5						
UNI			No. of Hours			
I	Cleaning of glassware's, Micro biological good laboratory practice and safety. Sterilization and assessment of sterility– Autoclave, hot air oven, and membrane filtration.					
II	media, agar slants, agar deeps, agar plates.		12			
III	Preparation of basal, differential, enriched, enrichment, transport, and selective media preparation-quality control of media, growth supporting properties, sterility check of media. Pure culture techniques: streak plate, pour plate, decimal dilution.					
IV	Culture characteristics of microorganisms: growth on Different media, growth characteristics, and description. Demonstration of pigment production. Microscopy: light microscopy and bright field microscopy.					
V	Staining techniques: smear preparation, simple staining, Gram's and endospore staining. Study on Microbial Diversity using Hay I Broth-Wet Mount to show different types of microbes, hanging d	nfusion	12			
	Total		60			
	Course Outcomes	Knowle	edge Level			
CO	On completion of this course, students will					
1	Practice sterilization methods; learn to prepare media and their Quality control.	K1,K	(2,K3,K4			
2	Learn streak plate, pour plate and serial dilution and pigment Production of microbes.	K1,K2,I	K3,K4,K5,K 6			
3	Understand Micros copy methods, different Staining Techniques and motility test.	K1,K2,I	K3,K4,K5,K 6			
4	K1 K2 K					
5	5 Study on Microbial Diversity using Hay Infusion Broth-Wet mount K1,K2,K3,K4					
	Textbooks					
1	James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York 1996.					
2	Kannan.N (1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palar		ons.			
3	SundararajT(2005).Microbiology Lab Manual(1stedition)publication	S				

	Gunasekaran,P.(1996).Laboratory manual in Microbiology.New Age International						
4							
	Ld., Publishers, New Delhi.						
5	RC Dubey and DK Maheswari (2002). Practical Microbiology. S. Chand Publishing.						
	Reference Books						
1.	1. Atlas.R(1997).Principles of Microbiology,2 nd Edition,Wm.C.Brownpublishers.						
2.	Amita J, Jyotsna A and Vimala V (2018). Microbiology Practical Manual. (1stEdition).						
۷.	Elsevier India						
3.	Talib V H (2019).Hand book Medical Laboratory Technology.(2 nd Edition).CBS						
4.	Wheelis M,(2010).Principles of Modern Microbiology, 1stEdition.JonesandBartlett						
4.	Publication.						
5.	Lim D.(1998). Microbiology, 2 nd Edition,WCB McGraw Hill Publications.						
	Web Resources						
1.	http://www.biologydiscussion.com/micro-biology/sterilisation-and-disinfection-						
1.	methods-and-principles-microbiology/24403.						
2.	https://www.ebooks.cambridge.org/ebook.jsf?bid=CBO9781139170635						
3.	https://www.grsmu.by/files/file/university/cafedry//files/essential_microbiology.pdf						
4.	https://microbiologyinfo.com/top-and-best-microbiology-books/						
5.	https://www.cliffsnotes.com/studyguides/biology/microbiology/introduction-to-						
5.	microbiology/a-brief-history-of-microbiology						

	Methods of Assessment					
Recall(K1)	Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions					
Understand/	MCQ,True/False,Shortessays,Conceptexplanations,Shortsummaryorovervi					
Comprehend(K2)	ew					
Application (K3)	Suggest idea/concept with examples, suggest formulae, Solve problems,					
	Observe, Explain					
Analyze (K4)	Problem-solving questions, Finish a procedure in many steps, Differentiate Between various ideas, Map knowledge					
Evaluate (K5)	Longer essay/Evaluation essay, Critique or justify with pros and cons					
Create(K6)	Check knowledge in specific or off beat situations, Discussion, Debating or Presentations					

CO /PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	2	2	2	2	1	2
CO 2	2	1	2	3	2	1
CO 3	1	2	1	3	2	1
CO 4	2	1	2	3	3	1
CO 5	2	1	3	3	1	3

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
C01	1	3	1	2	3
CO2	1	1	1	2	2
CO3	3	3	1	2	3
C04	2	1	1	2	2
CO5	2	1	1	2	2

Strong-3 Medium-2

				.s	Marks			
Course Code	Course Title	Category		Inst. Hour	CIAE	External	Total	
23UCHGE11	Chemistry for Biological Sciences I	Generic Elective	3	4	25	75	100	

	Learning Objectives	
L1	Basics of atomic orbitals, chemical bonds, hybridization a	ind
LI	fundamentals of organic chemistry.	
L2	Nuclear chemistry and industrial chemistry.	
L3	Importance of speciality drugs and	
L4	Separation and purification techniques.	
UNIT	Contents	No. of Hours
	Chemical Bonding and Nuclear Chemistry	
	Chemical Bonding: Molecular Orbital Theory- bonding,	
	antibonding and non-bonding orbitals. Molecular orbital	
	diagrams for Hydrogen, Helium, Nitrogen; discussion of bond	
	order and magnetic properties.	
I	Nuclear Chemistry:	12
•	Fundamental particles - Isotopes, Isobars,	12
	Isotones and Isomers- Differences between chemical reactions and	
	nuclear reactions-group displacement law. Nuclear binding	
	energy- mass defect-calculations. Nuclear fission and nuclear	
	fusion- differences–Stellar energy. Applications of radioisotopes–	
	carbon dating, rock dating and medicinal applications.	
	Industrial Chemistry	
	Fuels: Fuel gases: Natural gas, water gas, semi water gas,	
	carbureted water gas, producer gas, CNG, LPG and oil gas	
II	(manufacturing details not required). Silicones: Synthesis,	12
	properties and uses of silicones.	
	Fertilizers: Urea, ammonium sulphate, potassium nitrate, NPK	
	fertilizer, superphosphate, triple superphosphate.	
	Fundamental Concepts in Organic Chemistry	
	Hybridization: Orbital overlap, hybridization and geometry of	
	CH ₄ , C ₂ H ₄ , C ₂ H ₂ and C ₆ H ₆ . Polar effects: Inductive effect and	
	consequences on Ka and Kb of organic acids and bases,	
III	electromeric, mesomeric, Hyperconjugation and steric-examples	12
	and explanation.	
	Reaction mechanisms: Types of reactions–aromaticity (Huckel's	
	rule) – aromatic electrophilic substitution; nitration, halogenation,	
	Friedel-Craft's alkylation and acylation. Heterocyclic compounds:	
	Preparation, properties of pyrrole and pyridine.	

IV	Drugs and Speciality Chemicals Definition, structure and uses: Antibiotics viz., Penicillin, Chloramphenicol and Streptomycin; Anaesthetics viz., Chloroform and ether; Antipyretics viz., aspirin, paracetamol and ibuprofen; Artificial Sweeteners viz., saccharin, Aspartame and cyclamate; Organic Halogen compounds viz., Freon, Teflon.	12				
v	techniques-extraction, distillation and crystallization. Chromatography: principle and application of column, paper and thin layer chromatography.					
	Total	60				
	Course Outcomes	Knowledge Level				
CO	On completion of this course, students will					
1	State the theories of chemical bonding, nuclear reactions and its applications.	K1,K2,K3,K4				
2	Evaluate the efficiencies and uses of various fuels and fertilizers.	K1,K2,K3,K4,K 5,K6				
3	Explain the type of hybridization, electronic effect and mechanism involved in the organic reactions.	K1,K2,K3,K4,K 5,K6				
4	Demonstrate the structure and uses of antibiotics, anaesthetics, antipyretics and artificial sugars.	K1,K2,K3,K4,K 5,K6				
5	Analyse various methods to identify an appropriate method for the separation of chemical components.	K1,K2,K3,K4,K 5				
	Textbooks					
1	V.Veeraiyan, <i>Text book of Ancillary Chemistry</i> ; High mount pul house, Chennai, first edition, 2009.	olishing				
2	S.Vaithyanathan, <i>Text book of Ancillary Chemistry</i> ; Priya Publica Karur,2006.	itions,				
3	S.Arun Bahl, B.S.Bahl, <i>Advanced Organic Chemistry</i> ; S.Chand an New Delhi, twenty third edition,2012.	d Company,				
4	P.L.Soni, H.M.Chawla, <i>Text Book of Organic Chemistry</i> : Sultan Chand & sons, New					
	Reference Books					
1.	P.L.Soni, Mohan Katyal, <i>Text book of Inorganic chemistry</i> ; Sultan Company, New Delhi, twentieth edition, 2007.	Chand and				
2.	B.K,Sharma, <i>Industrial Chemistry</i> ; GOEL publishing house, Meeru edition,2014.	t, sixteenth				
3.	Jayashree Gosh, <i>Fundamental Concepts of Applied Chemistry</i> ; S Edition 2006.	Sultan & Chand,				
	•					

CO /PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5
CO 1	3	3	3	3	3
CO 2	3	3	3	3	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3	3
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3

Strong-3 Medium-2 Low-1

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3

				S	Marks		
Course Code	ode Course Title	Category	Credits	Inst. Hours	CIAE	External	Total
23UCHGE1P	Chemistry Practical for Physical and Biological Sciences-I	Generic Elective	2	2	40	60	100

	Learning Objectives					
L1	Basics of preparation of solutions.					
L2	Principles and practical experience of volumetric analysis.					

VOLUMETRIC ANALYSIS

- Estimation of sodium hydroxide using standard sodium carbonate.
- Estimation of hydrochloric acid using standard oxalic acid.
- Estimation of ferrous sulphate using standard Mohr's salt.
- Estimation of oxalic acid using standard ferrous sulphate.
- Estimation of potassium permanganate using standard sodium hydroxide.
- Estimation of magnesium using EDTA.
- Estimation of ferrous ion using diphenylamine as indicator.

Total Hours: 30

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	Course Outcomes	Knowledge Level			
CO	On completion of this course, students will				
1	Gain an understanding of the use of standard flask and	174 179 179 174			
1	volumetric pipettes, burette.	K1,K2,K3,K4			
2	Design, carryout, record and interpret the results of				
	volumetric titration.				
3	Apply their skill in the analysis of water/hardness.	K1,K2,K3,K4,K5,K6			
4	Analyze the chemical constituents in allied chemical	1/4 1/2 1/2 1/4 1/E 1/4			
4	products.	K1,K2,K3,K4,K5,K6			
5	Estimate the weight of magnesium using EDTA.	K1,K2,K3,K4,K5			
Reference Books					
1	V.Venkateswaran, R.Veerasamy, A.R.Kulandaivelu, <i>Ba</i>	sic Principles of			
1	<i>Practical Chemistry</i> ; Sultan Chand & sons, Second edition, 1997.				

CO /PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5
CO 1	3	3	3	3	3
CO 2	3	3	3	3	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3	3
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3

Strong-3 Medium-2 Low-1

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3

Strong-3 Medium-2 Low-1

			S		Marks		
Course Code	Course Title	Category	Credits	Hours	CIAE	TEE	Total
23UMBSE11	Social and Preventive Medicine	NME	2	2	25	75	100

L1 Describe the concepts of health and disease and their social determinants L2 Summarize the health management system Know about the various health care services L4 Outline the goals of preventive medicine L5 Gain knowledge about alternate medicine UNI T Contents No. of Hours Introduction to social medicine: History of social medicine-concepts of health and disease-social Determinants of health and disease-Health and quality of life-Health information system-measures of population health-health policies. Health management: Applicationsofbehavioralsciencesandpsychologyinhealthmanageme nt- nutritional programs for health management-water and sanitation in human health-national programs for communicable and non-communicable diseases- environmental and occupational hazards and their control. Health care and services: Health care of the community-information, education,
L3 Know about the various health care services L4 Outline the goals of preventive medicine L5 Gain knowledge about alternate medicine UNI T Contents No. of Hours Introduction to social medicine: History of social medicine-concepts of health and disease-social Determinants of health and disease-Health and quality of life-Health information system-measures of population health-health policies. Health management: Applicationsofbehavioralsciencesandpsychologyinhealthmanageme nt- nutritional programs for health management-water and sanitation in human health-national programs for communicable and non-communicable diseases- environmental and occupational hazards and their control. Health care and services: Health care of the community-information, education,
L4 Outline the goals of preventive medicine L5 Gain knowledge about alternate medicine UNI T Contents No. of Hours Introduction to social medicine: History of social medicine-concepts of health and disease-social Determinants of health and disease-Health and quality of life-Health information system-measures of population health-health policies. Health management: Applicationsofbehavioralsciencesandpsychologyinhealthmanageme nt- nutritional programs for health management-water and sanitation in human health-national programs for communicable and non-communicable diseases- environmental and occupational hazards and their control. Health care and services: Health care of the community-information, education,
UNI T Contents No. of Hours Introduction to social medicine: History of social medicine-concepts of health and disease-social Determinants of health and disease-Health and quality of life-Health information system-measures of population health-health policies. Health management: Applicationsofbehavioralsciencesandpsychologyinhealthmanageme nt- nutritional programs for health management-water and sanitation in human health-national programs for communicable and non-communicable diseases- environmental and occupational hazards and their control. Health care and services: Health care of the community-information, education,
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History of social medicine-concepts of health and disease-social Determinants of health and disease-Health and quality of life-Health information system-measures of population health-health policies. Health management: Applicationsofbehavioralsciencesandpsychologyinhealthmanageme nt- nutritional programs for health management-water and sanitation in human health-national programs for communicable and non-communicable diseases- environmental and occupational hazards and their control. Health care and services: Health care of the community-information, education,
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hazards and their control. Health care and services: Health care of the community-information, education,
Health care and services: Health care of the community-information, education,
Health care of the community-information, education,
III communication and training in health-maternal & child health-
school health services-Geriatrics-care and welfare of the aged-
Mental health-health services through general practitioners.
Preventive medicine:
Introduction-role of preventive medicine-levels of prevention-
Risk assessment in communities and vulnerable population—
surveillance, monitoring and reporting of disease out breaks-
forecasting and control measures in community setting-early
Detection methods.
Prevention through alternate medicine:
Unani, Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Naturopathy systems in
V Epidemic and pandemic out breaks. International health regulations.
Infectious disease outbreak case studies and precautionary response
During SARS and MERS corona virus, Ebola and novel SARS-
COV2outbreaks. Total 30
Course Outcomes Knowledge Level
CO On completion of this course, students will
1 Identify the health information system K1,K2,K3,K4

2	Associate various factors with health management system	K1,K2,K3,K4,K5,K 6							
3	Choose the appropriate health care services	K1,K2,K3,K4,K5,K 6							
4	Appraise the role of preventive medicine in community setting	K1,K2,K3,K4,K5,K 6							
5	Recommend the usage of alternate medicine during out breaks	K1,K2,K3,K4,K5							
	Textbooks								
1	Park.K(2021).Text book of preventive and social medicine, 26 th edition. Banarsidas Bhanot publishers.								
2	Mahajan&Gupta(2013).Text book of preventive and social medicine, 4 th edition. Jaypee brothers medical publishers.								
3	Chun-SuVuan Frick Righer Brent Rauer (2006) Text book of Complementary and Alternative								
4	VivekJain (2020).Review of Preventive and Social Medicine: Including Biostatics.12th edition, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.								
5	Lal Adarsh Pankaj Sunder(2011). Text book of Community Medicine:								
	Reference Books								
1.	Howard Waitzkin, Alina Pérez, Matt Anderson (2021). Social Medicine ar Transformation. First Edition. Routledge publishers.	nd the coming							
2.	GN Prabhakara (2010). Short Text book of Preventive and Social Medicin Jaypee publishers.	ne. Second Edition.							
3.	Jerry M.Suls,KarinaW.Davidson,RobertM.Kaplan(2010).Hand book of H Psychology and Behavioral Medicine. Guilford Press.	ealth							
4.	Marie Eloïse Muller, Marie Muller, Marthie Bezuidenhout, Karien Jooste Service Management. Juta and Company Ltd.	e(2006).Health Care							
5.	Geoffrey Rose(2008).Rose's Strategy of Preventive Medicine: The Comp	olete. OUP Oxford.							
	Web Resources								
1.	https://www.omicsonline.org/scholarly/socialpreventive-medicine- ppts- list.php	journals-articles-							
2.	https://www.teacheron.com/online-md_preventive_and_social_medic	ine-tutors							
3.	https://www.futurelearn.com								
4.	https://www.healthcare-management-degree.net								
5.	https://www.conestogac.on.health-care-administration-and-service-m	nanagement							

CO /PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	3	3
CO 2	3	3	2	2	3
CO 3	3	2	1	2	3
CO 4	3	2	3	3	3
CO 5	3	2	3	1	3

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	2	1	3
CO2	3	2	1	2	3
CO3	3	2	2	2	3
CO4	2	2	1	3	2
CO5	3	2	2	2	1

				rs	Marks		
Course Code	Course Title	Category	Credits	Inst. Hour	CIAE	External	Total
23UMBFN11	INTRODUCTION TO MICROBIAL WORLD	Foundation Course	2	2	25	75	100

	Learning Objectives					
L1	Learn the general characteristics of bacteria	Learn the general characteristics of bacteria				
L2	Describe the general characteristics and morphology of fungi	Describe the general characteristics and morphology of fungi.				
L3	Explain the morphology and beneficial aspects of algae.					
L4	Understand the general characteristics of virus	Understand the general characteristics of virus				
L5	Learn about beneficial applications of protozoa					
UNIT	Contents		No. of Hours			
I	General features and economic importance of bacteria- characteristics and morphology of bacteria, mycoplasma, and bacteria. Economic importance of bacteria with examples in a production (<i>Streptomyces</i>).	d archae	6			
II	General features and economic importance of fungi- General characteristics and morphology of fungi, Economic importance of fungi with examples in biopesticide (<i>Beauveria</i>), industry (<i>Saccharomyces</i>), medicine (<i>Penicillium</i>).					
III	General features and economic importance of algae- General characteristics and morphology of algae. Beneficial aspects of algae with examples in single cell protein (<i>Spirulina</i>), soil fertility (<i>Anabaena</i>), environment (Phytoplanktons).					
IV	General features and economic importance of virus- General characteristics of virus. Economic importance of virus with examples in vaccine production (Rubella virus), gene therapy (Adenovirus), biopesticides (Cauliflower mosaic virus).					
V	General features and economic importance of protozoa- General characteristics of protozoa. Beneficial applications of protozoa with examples – Biocontrol (<i>Haemogregarina</i>). Harmful aspects – diseases (, <i>Giardia</i>).					
	Total		30			
20	Course Outcomes	Knowle	edge Level			
CO	On completion of this course, students will					
4	Study the general features and economic importance of bacteria K1,K2,K3,K					
)	Gain Knowledge of general features and economic importance of fungi K1,K2,K3,K4,K					
3	Understand the general features and economic importance of algae	K1,K2,K	3,K4,K5,K6			
4	Study the general features and economic importance of virus	K1,K2,K	3,K4,K5,K6			

5	Understand the general features and economic importance of protozoa	K1,K2,K3,K4,K5			
	Textbooks				
1	Pelczar. M. J., Chan E.C.S. and Noel. R.K. (2007). Microbiology. 7th E	Edition., McGraw –Hill,			
1	New York.				
2	Dubey, R.C. and Maheswari, D.K. (2005). A Text book of M	licrobiology. S.Chand			
2	&Company Ltd, New Delhi.				
2	Subba Rao, N.S. (1995). Soil microorganisms and plant growth, Oxford and				
3	publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.				
4	Stanier, R.Y., Doudoroff, M., and Adelberg, E. A. (1957). The Microbial World. ACS				
publication. US.					
	Boyd, R.F. (1998). General Microbiology, 2nd Edition., Times M	Mirror, Mosby College			
5	Publishing, St Louis.				
	Reference Books				
1.	Hurst, C.J., Crawford, R.L., Garland, J.L., Lipson, D.A. and Mills, A	A.L. (2002). Manual of			
1.	Environmental Microbiology, 2nd Edition. A. SM Press, New Dell	ni.			
2.	Atlas, R.A. (1995). Principles of Microbiology. Mosby Publication	ıs, USA.			
2	Madigan, M.T. and Martinko, J.M. (2014). Brock Biology of M	Microorganisms. 14th			
3.	Edition. Prentice Hall International Inc., USA				

CO/PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	2	2	1	3	2	2
CO 2	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO 3	3	3	2	2	3	2
CO 4	2	2	1	2	3	2
CO 5	2	2	3	1	2	3

Strong-3 Medium-2 Low-1

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	1	2	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	2	3	3	2
CO4	2	1	3	2	1
CO5	3	1	2	3	1

SEMESTER II

				rs	Marks		
Course Code	Course Title	Category	Credits	Inst. Hour	CIAE	External	Total
23UMBCC21	MICROBIAL PHYSIOLOGY AND METABOLISM	Core	5	5	25	75	100

	Learning Objectives				
L1	Study the basic principles of microbial growth.				
L2	Understand the basic concepts of aerobic and anaerobic metabolic pathways.				
L3	Analyze the role of individual components in overall cell fun	ction.			
L4	Provide information on sources of energy and its utilization	by microor	ganisms.		
L5	Study the different types of metabolic strategies.				
UNIT	Contents		No. of Hours		
I	Physiology of microbial growth: Batch–continuous-synchron cultures; Growth Curve and measurement method (turbidity biomass, and cell count). Control of microbial growth.		15		
II	Nutrition requirements -Photoautotrophs, Photoorganotrophs, Chemolithotrophs (Ammonia, Nitrite, Sulfur, Hydrogen, Iron				
III	An overview of Metabolism - Embden Meyerhof Pathway, Entner- Doudoroff Pathway, Pentose Phosphate Pathway, Tricarboxylic Acid				
IV	Photosynthesis - An Overview of chloroplast structure Photosynthetic Pigments, Light Reaction - Cyclic and non - Cyclic photophorylation. Dark Reaction-Calvin Cycle.		15		
v	Bacterial reproduction -Binary fission, Budding, Reproduction through conidia cyst formation, endospore formation, Fungia sexual				
	Total		75		
	Course Outcomes	Knowle	edge Level		
СО	On completion of this course, students will	••4			
1	Describe microorganisms based on nutrition.	K1,K	2,K3,K4		
2	Know the concept of microbial growth and identify the factors Affecting bacterial growth. K1,K2,K3,K4,I				
3	Explain the methods of nutrient up take. K1,K2,K3,K4,K				
4	Describe anaerobic and aerobic energy production. K1,K2,K3,K4,K5,K				
5	Elaborate on the process of bacterial photosynthesis and reproduction.	K1,K2	,K3,K4,K5		
	Textbooks				

1	Schlegal, H.G. (1993). General Microbiology., 7th Edition, Presssyndicate of the University
1	Of Cambridge.
2	RajapandianK.(2010).MicrobialPhysiology,Chennai:PBSBookEnterprisesIndia.
3	MeenaKumari.S.MicrobialPhysiology,Chennai1stEditionMJPPublishers2006.
4	Dubey R.C. and Maheswari, S.(2003).A text book of Microbiology, New Delhi : S. Chand &Co.
5	S.Ram Reddy, S.M.Reddy (2008).Microbial Physiology. Anmol Publications Pvt Ltd.
	Reference Books
1.	Robert K. Poole(2004).Advances in Microbial Physiology, Elsevier Academic Press, New York, Volume 49.
2	Kim B.H., Gadd G.M.(2008). Bacterial Physiology and Metabolism. Cambridge
2.	University Press, Cambridge.
3.	Daniel R. Caldwell.(1995).Microbial Physiology & Metabolism Wm. C. Brown
3.	Communications, Inc. USA.
4.	Moat, A.G and J.W Foaster(1995). Microbial Physiology, 3 rd edition.Wiley–LISS,A
4.	John Wiley & Sons. Inc. Publications.
5.	Bhanu Shrivastava.(2011). Microbial Physiology and Metabolism: Study of Microbial
J.	Physiology and Metabolism. Lambert academic Publication.
	Web Resources
1.	https://sites.google.com/site/microbialphysiologyoddsem/teaching-contents.
2.	https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-microbiology/chapter/microbial-
	<u>Nutrition</u>
3.	https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec20_bt14/preview
4.	http://web.iitd.ac.in/~amittal/2007 Addy Enzymes Chapter.pdf
5.	https://wwwfrontiersin.org.microbial-physiology-and-metabolism

	Methods of Assessment
Recall(K1)	Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions
Understand/	MCQ, True/False, Short essays, Concept explanations, Short summary or
Comprehend	overview
(K2)	
Application	Suggest idea/concept with examples, Suggest formulae, Solve problems,
(K3)	Observe, Explain
Analyze (K4)	Problem-solving questions, Finish a procedure in many steps, Differentiate
	between Various ideas, Map knowledge
Evaluate	Longer essay /Evaluation essay, Critique or justify with pros and cons
(K5)	
Create(K6)	Check knowledge in specific or off beat situations, Discussion, Debating or
	Presentations

CO/PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	2	3	2	1	3	2
CO 2	3	2	1	2	1	2
CO 3	3	3	2	1	3	2
CO 4	2	2	1	3	2	2
CO 5	2	3	2	1	2	2

Strong-3 Medium-2

Low-1

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	2	1	2
CO2	1	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	2	2	2	3
CO4	2	3	2	1	2
CO5	2	1	2	3	2

Strong-3 Medium-2

				rs	Marks			
Course Code	Course Title	Category	Credits	Inst. Hou	CIAE	External	Total	
23UMBCC2P	MICROBIAL PHYSIOLOGY AND METABOLISM PRACTICAL	Core	3	3	40	60	100	

Understand the principles of motility test.		Learning Objectives					
L3 Learn the bacterial count using different methods and anaerobic culture. L4 Study the morphological demonstration of microorganisms and identification. L5 Study the biochemical identification of the bacteria. WNIT Contents No. of Hours I Motility demonstration: hanging drop, wet mount preparation, semisolid agar, Craigie's tube method. Staining techniques: Smear preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, and Acidfast staining Direct counts—Direct cell count (Petroff - Hausser counting chamber), Turbidometry. Viable count - pour plate, spread plate. Bacterial growth curve. III Anaerobic culture methods. Antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc Diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Morphological variations in algae, fungi and protozoa. Micrometry: Demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Methods of bacterial identification- morphological, physiological, and bio chemical methods-IMViC test, H2S, TSI, Oxidase, catalase, urease test, and Carbohydrate ferremetation test. Maintenance of pure culture, paraffin method, stab culture, maintenance of mold culture. Total 45 Course Outcomes Knowledge Level CO On completion of this course, students will Describe hanging drop, wet mount preparation, semi-solid agar, Craigie's tube method. Consular, and Acid-fast staining. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Bescribe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Bescribe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Explain antibiotic and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. Bames G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjami	L1						
L4 Study the morphological demonstration of microorganisms and identification. L5 Study the biochemical identification of the bacteria. White Biochemical identification of the bacteria. No. of Hours Motility demonstration: hanging drop, wet mount preparation, semisolid agar, Craigie's tube method. Staining techniques: Smear preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, and Acidfast staining Direct counts- Direct cell count (Petroff - Hausser counting chamber), Turbidometry. Viable count - pour plate, spread plate. Bacterial growth curve. Anaerobic culture methods. Antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc Diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Morphological variations in algae, fungi and protozoa. Micrometry: Demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Methods of bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and bio chemical methods-IMViC test, H2S, TSI, Oxidase, catalase, urease test, and Carbohydrate fermentation test. Maintenance of pure culture, paraffin method, stab culture, maintenance of mold culture. Total 45 Course Outcomes Knowledge Level On completion of this course, students will Describe hanging drop, wet mount preparation, semi-solid agar, Craigie's tube method. Demonstrate Smear preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, and Acid-fast staining. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Bescribe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Etaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. Rannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications.	L2	Understand the basic concepts of staining methods.					
UNIT Contents No. of Hours	L3	Learn the bacterial count using different methods and anaero	Learn the bacterial count using different methods and anaerobic culture.				
UNIT Contents No. of Hours	L4	Study the morphological demonstration of microorganisms ar	nd identif	ication.			
Motility demonstration: hanging drop, wet mount preparation, semisolid agar, Craigie's tube method. Staining techniques: Smear preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, and Acidfast staining Direct counts-Direct cell count (Petroff - Hausser counting chamber), Turbidometry. Viable count - pour plate, spread plate. Bacterial growth curve. Anaerobic culture methods. Antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc Diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. 9	L5	Study the biochemical identification of the bacteria.					
Solid agar, Craigie's tube method. Staining techniques: Smear preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, and Acid-fast staining Direct counts-Direct cell count (Petroff - Hausser counting chamber), Turbidometry. Viable count - pour plate, spread plate. 9	UNIT	Contents					
III chamber), Turbidometry. Viable count - pour plate, spread plate. Bacterial growth curve. Anaerobic culture methods. Antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc Diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Worphological variations in algae, fungi and protozoa. Micrometry: Demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Methods of bacterial identification- morphological, physiological, and bio chemical methods-IMViC test, H2S, TSI, Oxidase, catalase, urease test, and Carbohydrate fermentation test. Maintenance of pure culture, paraffin method, stab culture, maintenance of mold culture. Total 45 Course Outcomes Knowledge Level On completion of this course, students will Describe hanging drop, wet mount preparation, semi-solid agar, Craigie's tube method. Demonstrate Smear preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, and Acid-fast staining. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Bescribe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Bescribe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Elaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications.	I	solid agar, Craigie's tube method. Staining techniques: preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, ar	Smear	9			
Bacterial growth curve. Anaerobic culture methods. Antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc Diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Worphological variations in algae, fungi and protozoa. Micrometry: Demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Methods of bacterial identification- morphological, physiological, and bio chemical methods-IMViC test, H2S, TSI, Oxidase, catalase, urease test, and Carbohydrate fermentation test. Maintenance of pure culture, paraffin method, stab culture, maintenance of mold culture. Total 45 Course Outcomes Knowledge Level On completion of this course, students will Describe hanging drop, wet mount preparation, semi-solid agar, Craigie's tube method. Demonstrate Smear preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, and Acid-fast staining. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Describe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Elaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications.		Direct counts-Direct cell count (Petroff - Hausser counting					
III Anaerobic culture methods. Antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc Diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. IV Morphological variations in algae, fungi and protozoa. Micrometry: Demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Wethods of bacterial identification- morphological, physiological, and bio chemical methods-IMViC test, H2S, TSI, Oxidase, catalase, urease test, and Carbohydrate fermentation test. Maintenance of pure culture, paraffin method, stab culture, maintenance of mold culture. Total 45 Course Outcomes Knowledge Level CO On completion of this course, students will 1 Describe hanging drop, wet mount preparation, semi-solid agar, Craigie's tube method. 2 Demonstrate Smear preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, and Acid-fast staining. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. 4 Describe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Elaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks 1 James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. 2 Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications. 3 Sundararaj T (2005).Microbiology Lab Manual (1stedition) publications.	II	chamber), Turbidometry. Viable count - pour plate, spread pla	ate.	9			
III Anaerobic culture methods. Antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc Diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. IV Morphological variations in algae, fungi and protozoa. Micrometry: Demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Wethods of bacterial identification- morphological, physiological, and bio chemical methods-IMViC test, H2S, TSI, Oxidase, catalase, urease test, and Carbohydrate fermentation test. Maintenance of pure culture, paraffin method, stab culture, maintenance of mold culture. Total 45 Course Outcomes Knowledge Level CO On completion of this course, students will 1 Describe hanging drop, wet mount preparation, semi-solid agar, Craigie's tube method. 2 Demonstrate Smear preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, and Acid-fast staining. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. 4 Describe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Elaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks 1 James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. 2 Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications. 3 Sundararaj T (2005).Microbiology Lab Manual (1stedition) publications.		Bacterial growth curve.					
IV Morphological variations in algae, fungi and protozoa. Micrometry: Demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Methods of bacterial identification- morphological, physiological, and bio chemical methods-IMViC test, H2S, TSI, Oxidase, catalase, urease test, and Carbohydrate fermentation test. Maintenance of pure culture, paraffin method, stab culture, maintenance of mold culture. Total 45 Course Outcomes Knowledge Level On completion of this course, students will Describe hanging drop, wet mount preparation, semi-solid agar, Craigie's tube method. Demonstrate Smear preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, and Acid-fast staining. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Describe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Elaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications. Sundararaj T (2005).Microbiology Lab Manual (1stedition) publications.	III	Anaerobic culture methods. Antibiotic sensitivity testing: Dis	Anaerobic culture methods. Antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc				
Demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Methods of bacterial identification- morphological, physiological, and bio chemical methods-IMViC test, H2S, TSI, Oxidase, catalase, urease test, and Carbohydrate fermentation test. Maintenance of pure culture, paraffin method, stab culture, maintenance of mold culture. 45 Total	117		netry:	0			
bio chemical methods-IMViC test, H2S, TSI, Oxidase, catalase, urease test, and Carbohydrate fermentation test. Maintenance of pure culture, paraffin method, stab culture, maintenance of mold culture. Total 45 Course Outcomes Knowledge Level On completion of this course, students will Describe hanging drop, wet mount preparation, semi-solid agar, Craigie's tube method. Demonstrate Smear preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, and Acid-fast staining. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Describe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Elaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications. Sundararaj T (2005).Microbiology Lab Manual (1stedition) publications.	1 V	Demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa.					
Course Outcomes CO On completion of this course, students will Describe hanging drop, wet mount preparation, semi-solid agar, Craigie's tube method. Craigie's tube method. Craigie's tube method. Craigie's tube method. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Describe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Elaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications. Sundararaj T (2005).Microbiology Lab Manual (1stedition) publications.	V	bio chemical methods-IMViC test, H2S, TSI, Oxidase, catalase, urease test, and Carbohydrate fermentation test. Maintenance of pure culture,					
CO On completion of this course, students will Describe hanging drop, wet mount preparation, semi-solid agar, Craigie's tube method. Demonstrate Smear preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, and Acid-fast staining. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Describe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Elaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications. Sundararaj T (2005).Microbiology Lab Manual (1stedition) publications.		Total		45			
Describe hanging drop, wet mount preparation, semi-solid agar, Craigie's tube method. Demonstrate Smear preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, and Acid-fast staining. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Describe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Elaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications. Sundararaj T (2005).Microbiology Lab Manual (1stedition) publications.		Course Outcomes	Knowl	edge Level			
Craigie's tube method. Demonstrate Smear preparation, permanent specimen preparation, Capsular, and Acid-fast staining. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Describe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Elaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications. Sundararaj T (2005).Microbiology Lab Manual (1stedition) publications.	CO	On completion of this course, students will					
preparation, Capsular, and Acid-fast staining. Explain antibiotic sensitivity testing: Disc diffusion test-quality control with standard strains. Describe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Elaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications. Sundararaj T (2005).Microbiology Lab Manual (1stedition) publications.	1		K1,k	X2,K3,K4			
Control with standard strains. Describe demonstration of the size of yeast, fungal filaments and protozoa. Elaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. K1,K2,K3,K4,K5,K6 K1,K2,K3,K4,K5	2		K1,K2,k	X3,K4,K5,K6			
and protozoa. Elaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological, physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications. Sundararaj T (2005).Microbiology Lab Manual (1stedition) publications.	3		K1,K2,k	X3,K4,K5,K6			
physiological, and biochemical methods. Textbooks James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications. Sundararaj T (2005).Microbiology Lab Manual (1stedition) publications.	4						
Textbooks 1 James G Cappucino and N.Sherman MB(1996). A lab manual Benjamin Cummins, New York. 2 Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications. 3 Sundararaj T (2005).Microbiology Lab Manual (1stedition) publications.	5	Elaborate on the bacterial identification-morphological,					
New York . Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications. Sundararaj T (2005).Microbiology Lab Manual (1stedition) publications.							
 Kannan.N(1996). Laboratory manual in General Microbiology. Palani Publications. Sundararaj T (2005). Microbiology Lab Manual (1stedition) publications. 	1						
3 Sundararaj T (2005).Microbiology Lab Manual (1 st edition) publications.	2						
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4 Gunasekaran,r (2007), Laboratory manuai in Microbiology. New age international	4	Gunasekaran.P (2007). Laboratory manual in Microbiology. New		national			

	publisher.						
5	Elsa Cooper(2018).Microbial Physiology: A Practical Approach. Callisto Reference publisher.						
	Reference Books						
1.	David White., James Drummond., Clay Fuqua (2012) Physiology and Biochemistry of						
1.	Prokaryotes. 4thEd. Oxford University Press, New York.						
2.	Robert K.Poole (2004). Advances in Microbial Physiology, Elsevier Academic Press,						
۷.	New York, Volume 49.						
3.	KimB.H.,GaddG.M.(2008).Bacterial Physiology and Metabolism. Cambridge University						
J.	Press, Cambridge.						
4.	Dawes, I. Wand Sutherl and L.W (1992). Microbial Physiology (2 nd edition), Oxford						
Т.	Black well Scientific Publications.						
5.	Moat, A. Gand J. W Foaster, (1995). Microbial Physiology, 3rd edition. Wiley–LISS, A John						
J.	Wiley & Sons. Inc. Publications.						
	Web Resources						
1.	https://sites.google.com/site/microbialphysiologyoddsem/teaching-contents						
2.	https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-microbiology/chapter/microbial-						
۷.	Nutrition						
3.	https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec20_bt14/preview						
4.	https://www.studocu.com/microbial-physiology-practicals						
5.	https://www.agr.hokudai.ac.jp/microbial-physiology						

	Methods of Assessment
Recall(K1)	Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions
Understand/ Comprehend (K2)	MCQ, True/False, Short essays, Concept explanations, Short summary or overview
Application (K3)	Suggest idea/concept with examples, Suggest formulae, Solve problems, Observe, Explain
Analyze(K4)	Problem-solving questions, Finish a procedure in many steps, Differentiate between Various ideas, Map knowledge
Evaluate (K5)	Longer essay/Evaluation essay, Critique or justify with pros and cons
Create(K6)	Checkknowledgeinspecificoroffbeatsituations, Discussion, Debatingor Presentations.

CO /PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	2	3	2	1	2	2
CO 2	3	2	1	2	1	2
CO 3	3	2	3	1	2	1
CO 4	2	3	2	2	1	1
CO 5	2	3	1	2	3	2

Strong-3 Medium-2

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	1	3	2	2	2
CO2	2	1	2	2	1
CO3	2	2	3	2	2
C04	2	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	3	2	2	3

Strong-3 Medium-2

				S	Marks		
Course Code	Course Title	Category	Credits	Inst. Hour	CIAE	External	Total
23UCHGE21	Chemistry for Biological Sciences II	Generic Elective	3	4	25	75	100

	Learning Objectives	
L1	Nomenclature of coordination compounds and carbohyd	rates.
L2	Amino Acids and Essential elements of biosystem.	
L3	Understand the concepts of kinetics and catalysis.	
L4	Provide fundamentals of electrochemistry and photochemistry	mistry.
UNIT	Contents	No. of Hours
I	Co-ordination Chemistry and Water Technology Co-ordination Chemistry: Definition of terms-IUPAC Nomenclature-Werner's theory-EAN rule-Pauling's theory-Postulates-Applications to [Ni(CO)4],[Ni(CN)4]2- ,[Co(CN)6]3 Chelation Biological role of Hemoglobin and Chlorophyll(elementary idea)-Applications in qualitative and quantitative analysis. Water Technology: Hardness of water, determination of hardness of water using EDTA method, zeolite method- Purification techniques -BOD and COD.	12
II	Carbohydrates and Amino acids Carbohydrates: Classification, preparation and properties of glucose, fructose and sucrose. Discussion of open chain ring structures of glucose and fructose. Glucose–fructose interconversion. Properties of starch and cellulose. Amino acids: Classification-preparation and properties of alanine, preparation of dipeptides using Bergmann method. RNA and DNA (elementary idea only).	12
III	Electrochemistry Galvanic cells-Standard hydrogen electrode-calomel electrode-standard electrode potentials - electrochemical series. Strong and weak electrolytesionic product of water-pH, pKa, pKb. Conductometric titrations - pH determination by colorimetric method - buffer solutions and its biological applications-electroplating-Nickel and chrome plating-Types of cells-fuel cells-corrosion and its prevention.	12
IV	Kinetics and Catalysis	12

	Order and molecularity, Integrated rate expression for I	
	and II (2AProducts) order reactions. Pseudo first order	
	reaction, methods of determining order of a reaction –	
	Half-life period – Catalysis –homogeneous and	
	heterogeneous, catalyst used in Contact and Haber's	
	processes. Concept of energy of activation and	
	Arrhenius equation.	
	Photochemistry	
	Grothus-Draper's law and Stark-Einstein's law	
	of photochemical equivalence, Quantum yield-	
v		12
V	Hydrogen-chloride reaction. Phosphorescence,	12
	fluorescence, chemiluminescence and	
	photosensitization and photosynthesis (definition with	
	examples).	
	Total	60
СО	Course Outcomes On completion of this course, students will	Knowledge Level
LU	On completion of this course, students will Write the IUPAC name for complex, different theories to	
1	explain the bonding in coordination compounds and water	K1,K2,K3,K4
_	technology.	111,112,110,111
2	Explain the preparation and property of carbohydrate,	W4 W2 W2 W4 WE W6
2	amino acids and nucleic acids.	K1,K2,K3,K4,K5,K6
3	Apply/demonstrate the electrochemistry principles in	K1,K2,K3,K4,K5,K6
J	corrosion, electroplating and fuel cells.	K1,K2,K3,K4,K3,K0
4	Identify the reaction rate, order for chemical reaction	K1,K2,K3,K4,K5,K6
	and explain the purpose of a catalyst.	
5	Outline the various type of photochemical process. Textbooks	K1,K2,K3,K4,K5
	T	. 11.1.
1	V.Veeraiyan, <i>Text book of Ancillary Chemistry</i> ; High moun	nt publishing
	house, Chennai, first edition, 2009.	
2	S.Vaithyanathan, Text book of Ancillary Chemistry ;	Priya
	Publications, Karur, 2006.	
3	Arun Bahl, B.S.Bahl, <i>Advanced Organic Chemistry</i> ;	S.Chand and
3	Company, New Delhi, twenty third edition,2012.	
<u></u>	P.L.Soni, H.M.Chawla, <i>Text Book of Organic Chemistry</i> ; Su	ultan Chand &
4	sons, New Delhi, twenty ninth edition, 2007.	
	Reference Books	
1	P.L.Soni, Mohan Katyal, Text book of Inorganic chemistry	y; Sultan Chand and
1.	Company, New Delhi, twentieth edition,2007.	
2	R.Puri, L.R.Sharma, M.S.Pathania, Text book Physical	<i>Chemistry</i> ; Vishal
2.	Publishing Co., New Delhi, forty seventh edition,2018	-
	B.K,Sharma, <i>Industrial Chemistry</i> ; GOEL publishing hous	e, Meerut, sixteenth
3.	edition,2014.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
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CO /PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5
CO 1	3	3	3	3	3
CO 2	3	3	3	3	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3	3
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3

Strong-3 Medium-2 Low-1

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3

Strong-3 Medium-2 Low-1

				Š	Marks		
Course Code	Course Title	Category	Credits	Inst. Hour	CIAE	External	Total
23UCHGE2P	Chemistry practical for Physical and biological sciences - II	Generic Elective	2	2	40	60	100

	Learning Objectives				
L1	Identification of organic functional groups.				
L2	Different types of organic compounds with respect to their properties.				
L3	Determination of elements in organic compounds.				

The analysis must be carried out as follows:

- Functional group tests [phenol, acids (mono & di) aromatic primary amine, amides (mono & di), aldehyde and glucose].
- Detection of elements (N, S, Halogens).
- To distinguish between aliphatic and aromatic compounds.
- To distinguish–Saturated and unsaturated compounds.

Total Hours: 30

	Course Outcomes					
CO	On completion of this course, students will					
1	Identify different types of organic functional groups.	K1,K2,K3,K4				
2	Analyze the nature of different types of organic compounds with respect to their properties.	K1,K2,K3,K4, K5,K6				
3	Determine different elements present in organic compounds.	K1,K2,K3,K4, K5,K6				
4	Distinguish between aliphatic and aromatic compounds.	K1,K2,K3,K4, K5,K6				
5	Classify between saturated and unsaturated compounds.	K1,K2,K3,K4, K5				
	Reference Books					

V.Venkateswaran, R.Veerasamy, A.R.Kulandaivelu, *Basic Principles of Practical Chemistry;* Sultan Chand & sons, Second edition, 1997.

CO /PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5
CO 1	3	3	3	3	3
CO 2	3	3	3	3	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3	3
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3

Strong-3 Medium-2 Low-1

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3

		S S			Marks		
Course Code	Course Title	Category	Credit	Hours	CIAE	TEE	Total
23UMBSE21	Nutrition & Health Hygiene	NME	2	2	25	75	100

	Learning Objectives							
L1	L1 Learn about nutrition and their importance							
L2	1	Make student understand the nutritional facts for a better life.						
L3	Learn information to optimize our diet							
L4		by India						
L5			ethods					
UNI			No. of Hours					
I	Nutrition – definition, importance, Good nutrition, and mal nutrition; Balanced Diet: Basics of Meal Planning. Carbohydrates, Lipids, Proteins and Vitamins–functions, dietary sources, effects of deficiency. Macro and micro minerals– functions, effects of deficiency; food sources of Calcium, Potassium, and Sodium; food sources of Iron, Iodine, and Zinc. Importance of water–functions, sources, requirements and effects of deficiency							
II	Nutrition for Life Cycle: Balanced diet-Normal, Pregnant, lactating women, Infancy, young children Adolescents, Adults, and the Elderly; Diet Chart; Nutritive value of Indian foods.							
III	III Improper diets: Definition, Identification, Signs and Symptoms-malnutrition, under-nutrition, over-nutrition, Protein Energy Malnutrition, obesity; Nutritional Disease and Disorder-hypertension, diabetes, anemia, osteo malacia, cardiovascular disease.							
IV	Health - Determinants of health, Key Health Indicators, Environment health & Public health; Health-Education: Principles and Strategies. IV Health Policy & Health Organizations: Health Indicators and National Health Policy of Govt. of India; Functioning of various nutrition and							
v	health organizations in India. Hygiene–Definition; Personal, Community, Medical and Culinary hygiene; WASH (Water, Sanitation and Hygiene) programme. Rural Community Health: Village health sanitation & Nutritional committee. Community & Personal Hygiene: Environmental Sanitation and Sanitation in Public places.							
	Total	17 1	30					
-	Course Outcomes	Knowled	lge Level					
CO	On completion of this course, students will	174 170	1/2 1/4					
1								
2								
4	3 Know the health care programmes of India K1,K2,K3, 4 Learn the importance of community and personal health & K1,K2,K3,							
5	Hygiene measures 5 Create awareness on community health and hygiene K1,K2,K3,K4,K5							
	Textbooks	134,134,13	1,110					
	I CALDUUNG							

1	Bamji, M.S., K.Krishnaswamy &G.N.V. Brahmam (2009)Text book of Human
1	Nutrition (3 rd edition) Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
	Swaminathan (1995) Food & Nutrition (Voll, Second Edition) The Bangalore
2	Printing
	& Publishing Co Ltd.,,Bangalore
3	SK. Haldar (2022). Occupational Health and Hygiene in Industry.CBS Publishers.
4	Acharya,SankarKr,RamaDas,MinatiSen(2021).Health Hygiene and Nutrition Perception and Practices.Satish Serial Publishing House
5	Dass (2021). Public Health and Hygiene, Notion Press
	Reference Books
1.	VijayaKhader(2000) Food, nutrition & health, Kalyan Publishers, New Delhi
2.	Srilakshmi,B.,(2010)Food Science,(5thEdition)New Age International Ltd., New
۷.	Delhi
3.	Arvind Kumar Goel(2005).A College Text book of Health & Hygiene, ABD Publishers
4.	Sharma D.(2015). Text book on Food Science and Human Nutrition. Daya Publishing
Т.	House.
5.	Revilla M.K.F., Titchenal A. and Draper J. (2020). Human Nutrition.
	University of Hawaii, Mānoa.
	Web Resources
1.	National Rural Health Scheme:
	https://nhm.gov.in/index1.php?lang=1&level=1&sublinkid=969&lid=49
2.	National Urban Health Scheme:
	https://nhm.gov.in/index1.php?lang=1&level=1&sublinkid=970&lid=137
3.	Village health sanitation & Nutritional committee
٥.	https://nhm.gov.in/index1.php?lang=1&level=1&sublinkid=149&lid=225
4.	Health Impact Assessment-https://www.who.int/hia/about/faq/en/
5.	Healthy Living https://www.nhp.gov.in/healthylivingViewall

CO /PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5
CO 1	2	3	2	2	3
CO 2	3	2	1	2	3
CO 3	3	1	2	3	3
CO 4	2	2	3	1	3
CO 5	2	1	3	2	3

Strong-3 Medium-2 Low-1

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	2	2	2	2	3
CO2	2	2	2	2	3
CO3	2	2	2	2	3
CO4	3	1	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	3	2	3

				ĽS		Mark	S
Course Code	Course Title	Category	Credits	Inst. Hou	CIAE	External	Total
23UMBSE22	SERICULTURE	SEC	2	2	25	75	100

	Learning Objectives						
L1	Acquire knowledge on the concepts of origin, growth and study of Seri	culture as	science				
	and Scientific approach of mulberry plant.						
L2	Describe the morphology and physiology of silkworm.						
<u>L3</u>	Discuss effective management of silkworm diseases.						
L4	Demonstrate field skills in mulberry cultivation and silk worm rearing on technological aspects.						
L5	Demonstrate entrepreneurship abilities, innovative thinking, planning, small- Scale enterprises.	and settii	ng up				
UNI	Contents		No. of Hours				
	General introduction to Seri culture, its distribution in India. Bo	tanical					
I	distribution and taxonomical characters of mulberry varieties and s	species.	6				
	Biology of Mulberry plant and Mulberry crop cultivation and protection	ı.	U				
II	Silkworm- biology-morphology of silkworm. Life cycle of silkworm	rm –					
11	egg, larva, pupa, and moth.		6				
	Silkworm pathology: Introduction to Parasitism, Commensalism, Symbiosis						
	and Parasite relationship - Mulberry Silkworm Diseases: Introduction	, types,					
III	Pebrine, Grasserie, Muscardine, Flacherie, Symptoms and Pathogens, Mode of						
111	Infection, Prevention and Control -Non – mulberry silkworm diseases: Pebrine,						
	Bacterial and viral diseases. Brief Account of Pests and Predators of Silkworms,						
	Nature of damage and control measures.						
IV	Rearing of silkworm. Cocoon assessment and processing		6				
1.4	technologies. Value added products of mulberry and silkworms.						
	Entrepreneurship and rural development in sericulture: Planning for						
v	Project formulation, Marketing, Insectary facilities and equipments: Lo						
•	building specification, air conditioning and environmental control, furn	ishings	6				
	and equipment, sanitation and equipment, subsidiary facilities.						
	Total		30				
	Course Outcomes		rledge vel				
CO On completion of this course, students will							
Discuss the overall aspects of Sericulture and the biology and varieties							
1	J 1 , ,						
	economic importance and suitability of Seri culture in Indian conditions.	174 170 1	20 17 4 77				
2	Familiarize with the lifecycle of silkworm. K1,K2,K3,F						
	,K6						
3	Explain common diseases of silk worm encountered during rearing,						
3	sources of infection, disease symptoms, pre-disposing factors and their management practices.	,k	36				
	0 - F						

4	Attain thorough knowledge about the cultivation of mulberry, maintenance of the farm, seed technology, silkworm rearing, post cocoon techniques like stifling, reeling, and utilization of by- products.	K1,K2,K3,K4,K5 ,K6						
5	Plan the facilities required for establishment of insectary. Competent to transfer the knowledge and technical skills to the Seri-farmers. Analyze the importance of sericulture in entrepreneurship development and emerge as potential entrepreneur. K1,K2,K3,K4,K5							
	Textbooks							
1	Ganga,G. and Sulochana Chetty(2010). Introduction to Sericulture,, J., Oxford and IBH Pub. Co.Pvt.Ltd.,NewDelhi.							
2	Dr.R.K.Rajan & Dr.M.T.Himantharaj (2005). Silkworm Rearing Technology Board, Bangalore.	, Central Silk						
3	Dandin S.R. Jayant Jayaswal and Ciridhar K (2010) Handbook of Sericulture							
4	M.C. Devajah, K.C. Narayanaswamy and V.G. Marihashetty (2010). Advances in Mulherry							
5								
	Reference Books							
	S.Morohoshi(2001).Development Physiology of Silkworms 2 nd Edition, Oxf	ford & IBH						
1.	Publishing Co.Pvt.Ltd. NewDelhi							
2	Hamamura,Y (2001). Silk worm rearing on Artificial Diet. Oxford & IBH pu	ıblishing Co.,						
2.	Pvt.Ltd. New Delhi.							
3.	M.Johnson, M.Kesary(2019).Sericulture,5th.Edition.Saras Publications.							
4.	Manisha Bhattacharyya (2019). Economics of Seri culture, Rajesh Publicati	ons.						
5.	Muzafar Ahmad Bhat, Suraksha Chanotra, ZafarIqbal Buhroo, Abdul Azizand Mohd. Azam (2020).A Textbook on Entrepreneurship Development Programme in Sericulture, IP Innovative Publication							
Web Resources								
1.	1. https://egyankosh.ac.in>bitstream							
2.	https://archive.org>details>SericultureHandbook							
3.	https://www.academic.oup.com							
4.	https://www.sericulture.karnataka.gov.in							
5.	https://www.silks.csb.gov.in							
	I.							

	Methods of Assessment
Recall(K1)	Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions
Understand/	
Comprehend (K2)	MCQ, True/False, Short essays, Concept explanations, Short summary or overview
Application (K3)	Suggest idea/concept with examples, Suggest formulae, Solve problems, Observe, Explain
Analyze(K4)	Problem-solving questions, Finish a procedure in many steps, Differentiate between Various ideas, Map knowledge
Evaluate (K5)	Longer essay/Evaluation essay, Critique or justify with pros and cons
Create(K6)	Check knowledge in specific or off beat situations, Discussion, Debating or Presentations

CO /PO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6
CO 1	3	2	3	1	3	3
CO 2	2	2	3	2	3	2
CO 3	3	2	1	3	3	2
CO 4	2	1	3	2	2	1
CO 5	3	2	2	2	3	3

Strong-3 Medium-2

Low-1

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PSO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	1	3	2	2
CO3	2	1	3	2	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	2	1	3

Strong-3 Medium-2